Morning Oregonian.

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EASTERN NEWS.

Judge Hoadly's Recent Speech Places him in Hot Water.

SECOND TRIAL OF ERICSSON'S DESTROYER.

A Remarkably Speedy Trial in Kentucky—Father Mysticism Coming to America—Items of Interest.

A Minister's Fall From Grace.

NEW YORK, July 17.—(Special.)—The *Tribune* prints a singular letter, addressed to the editor by J. U. Gobble, asking the insertion of his death notice, as he is about to drown himself. Another longer letter to Editor Buckley of the *Christian Advocate*, announcing the same intention, says: "No one but myself is blameable in any degree for this dreadful ending." He says he was successful in various schemes, but finally evil company and habits, and a new untimely deed this. Inquiry at the Methodist Book Concern elicited the information that Noble was formerly a Methodist minister, and that love of liquor caused his fall. He has not an excellent character, who partially reclaimed him. It is believed sending such acquaintances must be has taken his life.

NEW YORK, July 17.—[Special.]—The *Post* says: "The anxiety of the friends of the missing man was relieved by his appearance this morning at the house of friends, haggard and wretched looking, having, he said, wandered the streets all night. He said he had finally made up his mind to commit suicide, and had gone to the end of the North river pier with that purpose. He had, however, buyed a large stone around his neck to make the throw more certain, but at the last his courage failed him, and he returned to the city. He had then taken up his position where he reached this house. He is believed to be temporarily insane.

Second Trial of Ericsson's Destroyer.

NEW YORK, July 1.—[Special.]—Much interest is felt among naval officers and others in this city over the second defense, in the trial to-day of Ericsson's destroyer. Preparations have been for some time making, near Sandy Hook, for a full test of her wonderful power. Since the last trial, nearly three years ago, she has been greatly improved. The Times says there is reason to believe it has at great advantage in facilities for carrying out the requirements at the present naval code and resources of naval warfare demanded. The torpedoes weigh 1500 pounds and are said to be from a new pattern of percussion, which, after many experiments, Ericsson and his employees consider perfect. It is fired ten feet under water, and when discharged the two valves shut from the mouth of the gun say forces itself automatically to let the torpedo pass out. The speed of the vessel from a mile to a half is in front of the cabin, the latter being protected by a heavy steel gun armor. The range is regulated by a wheel, like an ordinary steering wheel, which the gunner stands at at present. There are nine engines for each of small, all under a level seven feet of water, and beyond reach of shot or shell. The destroyer is eighty feet long, and her cost upwards of $70,000.

New York Knights Templar.

NEW YORK, July 17.—[Special.]—Columbian Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar, of this city, recently dedicated the contemplated pilgrimage to San Francisco next month. The original project having been given up it was proposed to make a party of such as might sympathize with the idea to attend the conclave of the grand encampment. Arrangements for the party are now entirely completed. The company will be known as the Columbian Knights Templar Excursion Party, all consist of members of various commanderies in New York state, and many of the New England states, as well as the Canadian provinces. The pavilion will number seventy-five knights, and their wives, and will save New York August 7, at 8 P. M., by the Pennsylvania and arrive at Chicago the next morning at the same hour. It will leave San Francisco August 5, occupying nine days in the trip, not permitting a stop at various points of interest along the route. A week will be spent in San Francisco to permit attendance at the exercises of the grand commandery, and to visit the wonders of California, and the party will arrive in New York on or about September 1.

Hoadly's Damaging Speech.

NEW YORK, July 17.—[Special.]—Every Columbus, Ohio: "The speech of Judge Hoadly in this city Saturday night, in which he made the most damaging admissions, including the secretary of the state commissioner, endeavored to suppress it, believing that a certain number of it printed, would weaken their candidate for governor. Their manoeuvre, says the organ of the Cincinnati *Commercial Gazette*, has assured the wide spread of the short-hand report, who, after the cancellation of the speech, published the damaging notes to Judge Hoadly, making this another of the noble schemes rendered it difficult to understand, and with all their efforts to suppress Hoadly's own words, caused his fall. He has not an excellent memory, who partially reclaimed him. It is believed sending such acquaintances must be has taken his life.

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Court Martial of Col. Tyler.

ST. PAUL, July 17.—The case of Colonel Guido Ilge, for duplicating pay accounts, began this morning. The court is composed of fifteen officers, Brigadier General Ruger, U. S. Senator Dolliver, the last witness was Josiah H. Speyer of the banking house of J. H. Speyer & Co., Washington, D. C., who testified to the signature of Colonel Tyler to pay accounts, July and August, 1883, which passed through his bank. Major William Smith, paymaster U. S. Army, identified the pay accounts of Colonel Tyler for August, 1882, and August to July, 1883, from Major Minnemon as late as March 5, 1883; that he found the pay until inquiry at Washington, he came he had received the accounts for the months, it could not understand how the month of August had been overlooked. Witness wrote to the paymaster general now learned that the account of Major Tyler of August had been paid.

A Remark ly Rapid Trial.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 17.—Tried at noon, on the day in the dooper case against, I to Emmet guard for the murder of Policeman Bridges from the all to the ground was, and a great crowd of people on the streets, soon was to be arraigned for trial. In the court the the indictment was read to the prisoner, he pleaded not guilty, and was asked if he had counsel. He replied that his friends were present. Judge Bullock then stood up and asked for a continuance, stating that he had been employed by the prisoner's friends, and had been unable to prepare for the trial. The court refused to grant a continuance, and ordered the trial to proceed. The jury was then called and sworn, and the trial began.

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PACIFIC COAST.

Exciting Wrestling Match Between Muldoon and Bibby.

WEINHARD'S BREWERY AT DAYTON BURNED.

Decision to a Paymaster's Women Trade—A Woman Arrested for Wearing Man's Attire—Loom in Northern Lumber.

Brisk Trade in Northern Lumber.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—[Special.]—A prominent lumber dealer commenting on the rapid increase of trade in Oregon and Washington territory lumber, said to an Oregonian correspondent this afternoon: "You can have no idea of the development of our eastern trade during the past two years. Where we formerly confined our attention to the wants of this coast we now look to foreign countries, and have opened an field for an important business in the eastern markets. It was only the other day that quite an extensive shipment of shingles was made to New Jersey, and this will, in all probability, be followed by others. Mexico is another objective point which has lately entered the list of lumber buyers. Two cargoes, while the China trade is only growing more lucrative. On completion of the Northern Pacific our firm proposes to ship various kinds of lumber to eastern markets, under contract for delivery at points supplying good ocean building material by rail, at excellent rates for ordinary hard woods, and which can be highly polished."

"Are there any important contracts?"

"Well, that is hardly a fair question, but business is booming, and we're jubilant.

An Opium Smuggling Scheme.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—The United States grand jury reported to-day. Among the indictments were two were against James regarding the government and given until official. Also one against J. H. Morris for accepting a bribe. Harrington is a man of some wealth, and owns a valuable ranch in Santa Ana and another in Monterey. For several years he has been the head and front of an opium-smuggling system at this port by which, it is believed, some $2,000,000 worth of opium has been brought into the country without paying duty. He has been prominent in the matter of furnishing bail for parties arrested for the crime. A number of the most intimate friends of the defendant, Mrs. Dr. Morris, of Oakland, Mrs. Dr. Hatch, of San Francisco, and Mrs. Dr. Hatch, of San Francisco, and Mrs. Dr. Hatch, of San Francisco, and

The Daily Oregonian.
WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1883.

THE LIQUOR CONTEST IN OHIO.

A recent dispatch from Cleveland said: Yesterday the issue was tried in which the saloonkeepers were to pay their assessments under the Scott law. One thousand two hundred and ninety-eight dealers have paid the tax. The contribution amounted to $214,400 49. The county commissioners have made no levy for poor purposes, while city taxation has been reduced seven mills.

Other dispatches say that the Scott law is becoming very popular throughout Ohio. There is no wonder, when it works results of this kind in a state where the liquor traffic has for more than thirty years been wholly free. The Ohio tax is not high enough; it is but $20 a year for selling malt liquors, and half that sum for selling spirituous liquors and half that again for selling mixed liquors. But it will do very well as a beginning. The law was carried by a republican majority of 15,000, a republican measure, and that party resolutely defends it, making the law one of the chief issues of the contest. Already it has thrown the democratic party of Ohio upon the defensive in a campaign which that party supposed and proclaimed was to be a "walk over" for itself.

The prohibitionists of Ohio seem to have reconsidered their early purpose to make a strong fight on an independent basis, and now appear disposed to join the republicans in sustaining the Scott law, with a view to holding firmly to what has been gained and making it secure, before attempting another advance. The position of the democratic party, by its opposition to this righteous and valid tax law, has been greatly weakened. Judge Hoadly, the democratic candidate for governor, has got himself into a serious dilemma by his speech, from which he is trying to escape by an outrageous expedient which only draw him deeper into the bog of recklessness and insincerity. Meantime those who support the taxation of the liquor traffic are preparing for a most energetic and thorough campaign. Supported by such arguments as that supplied in the report of the workings of the Scott law in Cleveland—and similar reports come from all the cities and large towns of the state—their position is becoming stronger every day; and it is believed that even in the large cities there will be no majority against the party which upholds the law, while in the rural districts it will sweep all before it. The democratic party will find that it has got on the wrong side of this question too, as it has been on the wrong side of nearly every other question of importance during the last twenty-five years. The liquor element is very strong, but it is nowhere so strong as it pretends to be. The recent election in this city proved in the most conclusive manner that on a direct issue, with an honest vote secured through registry, Portland would give a clear majority in support of a $500 license fee as against the $200 fee formerly required. In no city in the United States is the law element in the liquor traffic more decisively stronger than in Portland. The result of our election, then, was a "spoliation" of no small value. It was a sign, added to many more, that they who oppose taxation and restriction of the liquor traffic would do well to "stand from under." The Ohio election may give support on the subject whose detonations will resound all over the union.

HAVOC EXTENDING.

The destruction of forests ignore in this state and Washington territory continues. Disaster is widespread. In the lower Umpqua and Siuslaw regions thousands of acres of splendid timber have been burned out; in Tillamook the damage has been great, and in the Nehalem valley vast quantities of cedar have gone up in smoke. The most extensive fires in Washington territory have been in the vicinity of Port Gamble. In twenty localities in western Washington fires have raged a few days and then died out, each doing a considerable share of damage. The estimate of a million dollars loss to the country, made last week needs to be doubled to keep pace with the spreading havoc. As this loss is chiefly upon government lands, it does not affect the country as a general calamity. The same is an explanation of the fortunate circumstance that the raging fires have not destroyed human life or improved property to any great extent. The flames have fed almost entirely upon unsubdivided trees, and where they have approached settlements have been driven back. That they have been driven back in every instance where they have threatened serious danger to villages or even isolated settlements, is sufficient proof that they could at all times be controlled by intelligent and determined effort. A plan for preventing a spread of fires is suggested by a farmer of Yamhill county, who says that he has at no cost put it to the practical test and always found it to work well. In firing "slashes," he says, their outer limits should be cleared of brush and the whole surrounded by a row of furrows—many or few, in consideration of the intensity of the fire and the condition of the exposed forests. Fire is not so likely to spread by entering in the branches of standing trees, as to find its way along the ground through inflammable dry grass and forest litter. A freshly-turned furrow, or two or three of them, will stop the spread of fire along the ground and often limit its ravages when all other means are useless. But it is idle to expect it as much good will result from merely pointing out the way of caution. Before forest fires can be checked to any great extent, there must be strict laws fixing their responsibility and severely punishing offenders.

A friend writes from Olympia: "Prohibitionists do not accept your high license arguments, because they say high licenses only tends to make the liquor traffic more respectable." We do not think this a sound argument, especially at the present stage of the discussion. What the question is not whether we shall allow the traffic to exist at all; but whether, since it does exist, we can muster forces enough to restrain some of the grossest of its abuses. Let us see first whether we can do this, and then from the vantage ground thus occupied we may be able to create a sentiment for attack upon further abuses. If meantime by this course the traffic shall be made "more respectable," something surely will have been gained. We shall be rid of some of its most obnoxious features; of its insufferable pretensions in politics; of its increasing tendency to multiply drinking holes which invite the consumption of vile liquors and take up a large part of the weekly wages of large classes. A further argument for high license is that it will tend to make liquors scarce and high, and so place a check upon a great evil which cannot at once be overthrown. It will require more capital to go into the "business," a fact which will tend very strongly towards prevention of the spread of it. And not with the prohibitionists that a traffic so subject to abuse ought not to exist at all; yet since it does exist and is so strongly entrenched, should we not now go as far in our efforts to check its abuses as public sentiment will justify, and make other advances when we can? Prohibition is not before our people as a question upon which they can act at this time, but high license is. Every incorporated town may act upon it. Here is a practical matter that need not be postponed to the ideal good.

During the period of the fire, last evening a storm of hot cinders rained upon that part of the city to the leeward of the burning blocks. Several roofs caught from the burning ball, and only the most industrious efforts with wet blankets and pails of water prevented spread of the fire over a wide district. It would be well if special precaution were made for emergencies during the dry season.

In Portland, Maine, on the fourth of July the one hundred and seventh anniversary of sectional independence and that of the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of the city were blended together.

SUN-STORMS AND EARTH STORMS.

Sun spots have been unusually prevalent and large during the past six months. These spots are supposed to indicate prodigious activity upon the face of the sun. Enormous masses of incandescent matter are shot out two hundred thousand miles or more from his surface, accompanied by whirling motion and eye ouni action. These tremendous sun storms appear to move in groups across the face of the great luminary, covering at any given place upon his surface an area compared with which the whole dimensions of our planet would be but an insignificant point. Though the action of the sun upon terrestrial weather is as yet but imperfectly understood, there is a belief among scientific men that the anomalous weather which has been experienced during several months past in many parts of our globe, including electrical storms and tornadoes, is in some way related to these frightful storms on the sun. It is certain that the coincidences have frequently been observed; but than is not yet able to take it enough of the phenomena to perceive the connect on between sun storms, and earth storms, still less to formulate the law upon which the latter may be predicted as the result of the former.

But if tornadoes and electrical storms which are of so frequent occurrence on the other side of the continent, are the result of these mighty, though occult, causes, why should we not have like disturbances on this side? Perhaps the answer may be found in the steadiness of terrestrial forces on this side of the continent, which overcome even the powerful influences exerted by the sun storms in other localities, where these terrestrial forces are not so steady. We get the southwest wind for half the year almost without intermission, and the northwest wind for the other half of the year, with about equal steadiness. Atmospheric conditions with us therefore remain equable. Observations made by the signal service seem to point to the fact that the development of tornadoes requires the meeting of two currents, one of which must be very warm and moist, and the other very cold and dry. Sergeant Finley, of the signal service, says, in a recent paper says: "Of 478 cases in which the atmospheric conditions prevailing tornadoes were observed, 410 were reported as violent tornadoes storms, and 68 as particularly authority and oppressive. It is during the recovery of the atmospheric equilibrium in this (the southwestern) part of the general disturbance." A writer of the paper states, that opportunity occurs for the formation of high thermal contrasts, by the rapid descent of an area of barometric minima from the northwest." As throwing some further possible light upon this very obscure subject, in connection with the terrible cyclone that ravaged Missouri and in April last, the *Weather Review* records the coexistence on that day of "the most extended area of high pressure observed during that month, and then approaching Lake Ontario, with "the most marked barometric depression of the month," then in the lower Mississippi valley. The meeting of these areas of strongly contrasted temperature and barometric pressure may possibly be and probably should be taken as the proximate cause of these great storms. The ultimate cause or causes is a much deeper question.

PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE AGAIN.

Experience everywhere has proved that money spent for protection against fire, is money well spent. The cost of protection is so light compared with the possibility of loss, and the damage which it often actually prevents, that it has come to be a business habit to surround property with every possible safeguard. Portland has long been distinguished by the excellent equipment and the efficiency of its fire brigade. Our city governors has dealt with utmost liberality with the firemen always. The needs of the old volunteer department were ever promptly and liberally supplied, and the new paid department is furnished with the best possible appliances. In return, the city has been well protected, when it is considered that the corporate here is very much greater than in cities where wood is less generally used in building. But an additional safeguard against fire is offered by the hydraulic elevator company. It is proposed by this company to set up fire plugs, each with a capacity more than double that of the most powerful steamer, throughout the business section of the city, if property will pay a special tax of $1 per month for every twenty-five feet front. The efficiency of the hydraulic plug system is unquestioned. It has been tried in other cities, always with marked success, and the few plugs already set up in Portland sufficiently illustrate its advantages. By all means, it should be introduced. But the question is, who shall pay for it? Individual property holders who have been appealed to, say that they are sufficiently taxed to support the regular fire department, and that the company of business buildings, most of whom carry costly stocks, ought to bear the special expense. Occupiers, on the other hand, see clearly that the expense should be borne by owners. There are those of both classes who think that the system should be maintained by the city; but to this objection is made by property owners whose holdings are not in the district which it is proposed to specially protect. The see no reason why they should be taxed to absord unusual and costly protection to a particular section which is well able to look out for itself in its terests. Some way out of this complication ought to be found without declining the proposition of the elevator company. The opportunity offered is too valuable to be rejected. It is possible that too much is asked, basis proper adjustment of this, if it is a fact that too much is asked, could doubtless be easily arranged. Last night's fire illustrated the need of a water supply which the engines are unable to afford. If two good streams, well directed, had been available for the protection of the Nicoli house, that building could easily have been saved. The firemen did all that was possible, and they did well, but it was a physical impossibility for them to cover all points where water could have been thrown with profit. An important point of advantage afforded by the hydraulic plug system is its constant readiness. Fire plugs are always in their places, and always ready for operation. Where the system is used, a special hose service is devoted to it, and in four cases out of five "first water" is from the plugs.

Many heavy taxpayers of East Portland have asked the council of that city to buy a steam fire engine. By all means an engine should be secured. It is a common fault with the young cities of this country to put off getting safeguards against fire till the fire has come. Dayton and Colfax in eastern Washington, and numerous other places in the territory and in this state have suffered severely from conflagrations. East Portland is so near to the fire engines of Portland that she will never have to sustain a great and costly department; but it takes time to get the machines across the river, and a little time early in the career of a fire oftentimes decides the fate of cities. Besides, East Portland does not want to be wholly dependent upon the help of her big sister in case of distress.

Hon. Wm. M. Evarts is to deliver the oration upon the completion of the Northern Pacific. He is the only man in the United States who can make weighty sentences fit to compare in length with the great railroad.

A Big Scale.

Baltimore American.

The trouble with McDonald of Indiana as a presidential candidate seems to be that he has an all-pervasive appetite for the place and a homeopathic fitness for it.

THE KID'S WATCH.

New York Mail.—Mr. Charles T. Mollis, of the New York Custom-House says that he is night watchman, and one night was attacked by cheap sneak-thieves, who could get no plunder on his beats and finally broke in. Jacobs Oil was applied twice. After this he took his watch again the next night, cured.

His Administration Endorsed by the Republicans Generally.

Special Dispatch.—It will be remembered that it was General Harry White, president republican state committee, Grant addressed his letter to, which was the direct occasion of the election of the present republican state, and regretting, resolutions endorsing the action of President Arthur. In consequence of this letter, surrendered. Arthur was growing in favor rapidly, and he was received from all the

ANT OF HONOUR.

the convention he had met leaders in his travels through this state, and the same everywhere was growing in popularity. Convention commended itself in this fellow citizens. With his constitutional popularity a president who would so the honest republican convention, time he is over said of vice-presidents, that the strictly promises to disarm resist. The confidence of his friends, and unanimity in the presidential White cites as a certain republican party to election, and the election republican electoral

THE ROAD AGE TAX LAW.

Baker City, July 14.

To the Editor of the

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Sunday Reading.

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NEW TO-DAY.

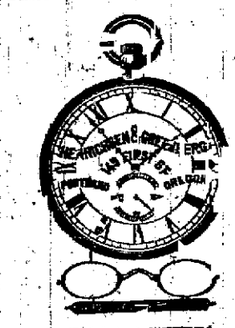
NOTICE.

To reduce our stock and make room for our Fall importations, we will sell for cash the following goods at lower rates than have ever been sold in Portland, and as low as any house in the United States:

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Silver-Plated Ware, Clocks, Field and Opera Glasses, Barometers, Spectacles, etc.

Obtain our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Fine Assortment in Portland.



DIAMOND SETTERS AND MANUFACTURING JEWELERS. Country orders from trade and public solicited.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

On account of whom it may concern, I will sell on the premises, No. 90 North First street.

ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, At 10 o'clock A. M.

The entire stock, consisting of Ladies', Children's & Men's Boots and Shoes.

These are NEW GOODS and will be sold without reserve, 5 lots to sell.

Also THE STORE FIXTURES, All can be bought at private sale prior to day of sale. OSCAR WILDBURG, Special Auctioneer, No. 69 First St. 171y2

AUCTION SALE Five Thousand Boxes TIN PLATE. THURSDAY, Thursday, July 19, 1883, At 10 o'clock A. M. AT CLOSE IN PRICES. AT SALESROOM. SPECIAL TRADE SALE BY CATALOGUE OF 5,000 BOXES TIN PLATE 10x14 and 14x20. In Bond or Duty Paid, consisting of the following desirable brands:

OLD CASTLE, CILREEW, CLANCARN, DERWENT, HARKWELL, L. J., INSPITT, and SARTORIS.

We beg to call the attention of the trade to the above sale. The goods are all in prime order and will be sold in lots to suit. Terms and samples at sale.

S. L. JONES & CO., AUCTIONEERS. 207 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE OF STOCK OF FIFTY AL STY.

We are to trusted to dispose of by auction, without reserve, on account of damage by fire and repairing of the building, at the store No. 226 First st., bet. Jefferson and Columbia.

ON WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, July 18 and 19, at 10 o'clock A. M.,

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF NEW GOODS, comprising Elegant Walnut and Marbleized Bedroom Suits of new design; Elegant Lounges; Splendid Bed Lounges; Mattresses; Walnut and Marbleized Center Tables; Walnut Desks; Library Tables; Bureaus; Wash & Bedstands; Spruce Bedroom Suits; Cane Chairs; Children's Chairs; Rockers, etc.

ALSO A large assortment of Tinware, Fine Granite Ware and Table Cutlery.

ALSO Fine New Ranges and Cook Stoves, etc.

On the above stock comprises A FINE NEW and FINE goods, and will be disposed of without any reserve.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

RAVELLY'S NEW MARKET THEATRE. F. W. STERLHAN, Manager.

Six Nights, commencing Monday, July 16. Grand Matinee Saturday.

A WEEK OF PURE COMEDY. Extraordinary Engagement of the Famous Comedian,

So. Smith Russell

In J. K. BROWN'S Successful Comedy, "Edgewood Folks."

TOM DOLLOWAY.....SOL SMITH RUSSELL. In which character he will re-ap ear his famous Scenes, Specialties and Impersonations.

The Supporting Company has been selected from the Penn, Bank of the dramatic profession, under the management of Mr. FRED G. BERGER.

THE COMEDY EVENT OF THE SEASON!

Reserved seats and commencing at Cornelius' drug store, Thursday, July 12, 9 A. M.

Money to Loan.

$500 on first-class R. E. security, in Washington Territory. Parties desiring to borrow will please give full description of property and address "Metropolitan R. E. Office" Room 43, Union Block. 159

300,000 FT. OF FIRST-RATE SCANTLING, 2x4, Engine and Bank, now in yard at Albina, for sale. Inquire at my office, foot of Salmon st., Portland, or on Monday every wharf in Albina. 168

ONLY VIEW PARK RACES, Trotting—2:35 Class, 3 in 5. Saturday, July 21st Purse $75; first money $50; second money $25; entrance fee, nomination clear with L. H. Lindsay on Friday, July 20, at the Occident House. The following horses have already been named for the race: John Dunn and Chas. Holmes Ex. At least two others will start. Boat leaves foot of Morrison Street for the track at 1:30 P. M. 171-4

Residence Property Wanted

Will pay market price for 4 or 5 Lots in good neighborhood; must be high, either improved or not; if improved, must modern house west of Eighth, between L and Hall streets. Address "Residence Property," giving best cash price and terms, Oregonian office.

CANNOT SLEEP!

A victim of early indiscretion causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address, J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., New York.

L. FELDMAN & CO., Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Woolen and Willow Wares and manufacturers of Brooms and Brushes, No. 19 Front street.

NEW TO-DAY.

Music—Wiley B. Allen, Portland, Largest stock.

H. C. Bell, Architect, over First National Bank.

TO LET—LARGE NEW PRIVATE RESIDENCE 9th-st. S., this office. 181y2

ROOM AND POWER TO LET, INQUIRE AT Vulcan iron works, just below Albina ferry. 181y2

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO CHAMBERwork; city or country; good reference; experienced person. Address A. B., this office. 1y

FURNISHED ROOM WANTED—NEAR POSToffice. Not to exceed $1 per month. R. C. H., Oregonian office. 1

TWO PIECE OAK WAGONMAKER'S WANTED at ESPEY'S, Junction of Salmon and Front streets. 181y2

TO LET—THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS, 108 Due corner West Park. Price house and new furniture. 181y2

WANTED—A GIRL OR GIRL IN A SMALL family where I can see no children. Apply No. 24, corner Fifth and Salmon. 181y2

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A STORE OR private family by a German boy of 16, who is not afraid of work. Address W. S., this office. 181y2

TO LEASE—A LARGE DOUBLE HOUSE NOW in course of construction; suitable for private boarding and lodging house; apply at this office. 181y2

GUSSIE A. CHESSON, COOK, MULTNOMAH block, corner of Third and Main streets. Magnetic healer. All cases treated successfully. 181y2w

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A PAYING GROCERY BUSIness; one of the best in the city. 1, P. O. box CLARKE & CO., 23 Washington street. 181y2

WANTED—A GIRL COMPETENT TO DO THE cooking and general housework for a small family. Apply from 9 until A. M. at 24 Main street, corner North Eighth. 181y2

A. ST. PAUL, M.D., GRADUATE OF THE UNIversity of Paris, late Physician of the French Hospital of San Francisco, Residence, Fourth, near Alder, Rooms 1 to 5 and 6 to 7 P. M. 71tf

THE FASTEST BOAT TO HELPED CARRY AWAY the clothing from Tung Lee's wash house, on C street, was not found at the close of the day's run that times will be rewarded on returning them. TUNG LEE.

TO RENT—THE LARGE DOUBLE HOUSE ON Seventeenth and Hall streets, will be ready in a few days to be completed and ready to rent will be leased at a discount to desirable parties. Apply at the office of the owner. 181y2

WANTED—AN ENGLISHMAN WHO HAD had a yeoman experience in England and American dairy; best wages guaranteed; factory now in operation. Address C. J. B., this office. 181y2

LOST—FROM 88 NINTH ST., BETWEEN Morrison and Yamhill, a black St. Bernard dog with curly coat; black nose and black patch on hip; large collar with name on it. A liberal reward will be paid with the above described bearing owner's name on address. Liberal reward to any person returning to above address.

LOST—A PROMISSORY NOTE DATED DECember 28, 1882, for $500, executed by Cornelius E. Stevens and one Lee to Aaron Meier. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at Meier & Frank's store, south of Yamhill st., between Front and First. AARON MEIER. 181y1

A COMPETENT MAN, AGED 38, WISHING TO locate in Oregon, desires a position with some manufacturing concern as bookkeeper, etc.; has extensive business experience and first-class references. Address STERLING, Oregonian office. 181y2

A. W. BRILLING, THIRD AND MORRISON, Watchmaker and Jeweler. A full line of watch, clock, jewelry, spectacles and silverware. Watch repairing a specialty. All work warranted. 181y2

WILTSIE & HIGGINS, General Conveyancers, Notaries Public, Commissioners for Deeds for all the States and Territories, Resident Agents for the District of Columbia, 209 Stark st., Portland, Or. 226tf

SELLING OUT! STOCK OF Pianos, Organs and Musical Instruments. Now is the chance for a bargain. Remember, for a few days only. MINER & CO., Morrison and Second sts. 181y1

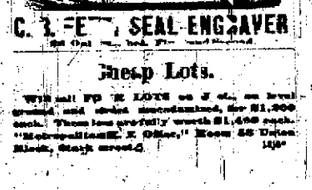
Portland to Tillamook!

Steamer GEO. H. ELLIS

Leaves Astoria for Tillamook, direct, after the arrival of the steamer "Wide West from Portland, SATURDAY, JULY 28th, AND FOR GRAY'S HARBOR TUESDAY, JULY 31, at 7 P. M. J. H. D. GRAY, Agent.

GRAND EXCURSION SUNDAY JULY 22, TO GLENN CITY PARK, SITUATED ON THE OREGON CITY, AND MANZANILLO

Will leave Morrison street at 10 A. M. HALPENNY'S BRASS BAND. Fare, round trip, 50 cts. Tickets for sale at Newmarket. P. G. GRIMM, Manager.



C. H. FETH, SEAL ENGRAVER, No. 131 First st., bet. Ash and Pine, Portland, Or. Seals, Stencils, Stamps, Rubber Type, Steel Dies, Burning Brands, Etc. Cheap Lots.

Will sell FIVE LOTS on J st., on level ground, and about unencumbered, for $1,200 each. These lots greatly worth $1,400 each. Call at once at the store on the corner of "Metropolitan" R. E. Office," Room 58 Union Block, Stark street. 159*

WANTED.

WANTED—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOMS, centrally located. Apply at St. Johns Hotel, Room 7, north st., at 7 P. M. on Monday. 171y1

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO ENGAGE IN pleasant and profitable business. For particulars call at 91 First street. 171y2

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO try Le Favre's Mills, the finest preparation for the toilet ever produced; makes the skin soft as velvet; removes tan, freckles and pimples; makes the hair grow; whiskers should use it; nothing equals it for gray hair; prepared in two bottles, No. 1 and No. 2. Le Favre's Complexion Compound, for removing oil and paint from the face, hands or clothing. Sent by express, prepaid, on receipt of $2.50. Address LEFAVRE, WOODWARD & CO., No. 87 and 89 Front street, Portland, Or. 10-1m

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

SITUATION WANTED—As HOUSEKEEPER IN a first-class hotel. Has had 12 years experience; is thoroughly understands the business; will be moderate in price. Address Housekeeper, Oregonian Office. 171y1

WANTED—AN ACTIVE STEADY BUSINESS man with a capital of $2000, an interest in some good reputable or manufacturing business; reference given and required. Portland or elsewhere in the country. For particulars address BUSINESS MAN, care Oregonian office, for one week. Portland. 161tf

A FIRST-CLASS PROFESSIONAL STENOgrapher wants a position. Complete satisfaction guaranteed. Address P. O. box 538, station A, city. 149tf

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, EMPLOYMENT as clerk, correspondence, bookkeeper or salesman; is willing to work; useful in any capacity; has business (dairy banking experience; first-class books of ref.; posted and has some capital to invest on good and unquestioned reference. Address C. M. S., Oregonian office. 161tf

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CLERK, BY AN experienced salesman. Address W. M. HUBBELL, Albina P. O. 3ptw

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—AN ASSISTANT IN THE KITCHEN in a boarding house; W. & S., bet. Ash and D. 171y

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS MACHINE OPERators. U. S. BURKE, 163 Third st. 171y

BARKER WANTED—FIRST-CLASS WAGE steady employment for a first-class man at 305 First street. 171y

GIRL WANTED TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork; a small family. Apply at 220 Main st., 10 and 12th, from 10 to 12 A. M. 171y

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD AP from, with reference A. B. C., this office. 171y1

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK AND assist in cooking; family of two; wages $15. Apply at 85 Fourth, between Ash and Pine. 171y

AN ORDINARY GOODS MAN WHO UNDERstands Bookkeeping, and thoroughly posted in the General Merchandise business, to open for us at once. Address X. Y., this office. 171y3t

BARBER WANTED—STEADY EMPLOYMENT; apply to CUTLER & REGISTER, No. 7 Morrison street, 171y

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A MAN TO LAY sidewalks. Inquire 188 First street. 171y

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS BOOK-KEEPER a situation as book-keeper or correspondent; best of references. Address H., this paper. 141y

A. LYNCH & BUDREAU'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 20½ Ash street. Employers wanting help please call or address as above.

CHINESE HOUSE SERVANTS PROMPTLY furnished. ANDREW KAN, 84 Washington st. 2

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE BEST SELLING and best paying books ever published. Address A. BOMAN, 26 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal. 169

ACTIVE LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO CANvass for our new books; most attract ve and fascinating in the market. Best terms. Sales immense. Outfits out in one hour. L. L. BANCROFT & CO., 721 Market st., San Francisco.

BUSINESS SPECIALS.

FINE OIL SEWING MACHINES—LATEST IMproved; sells at sight; agents wanted; liberal inducements; sample machine sent on receipt of $25. Address Box 1, P. O. 161

CALL AND SEE ROLLINS' ARCTIC (ICE) Stove at MILLER & BURKE'S, 79 North First street. 2tjan

NATURAL MINERAL WATERS.

THE CELEBRATED OFFNER

RAHOOZY Water.

The undersigned begs to call the attention of physicians and the public to this valuable mineral water, which is the strongest and most effective of all known aperients. Also to the renowned

SPRUDEL OF Hermannsborn,

The most delicious of Table Waters. Superior in natural carbonic gas and beneficent effect to any other mineral water.

For sale by all druggists, grocers, liquor dealers, etc., and on lots to suit, by

CHARLES KOHN & CO., 84 Front Street, Portland, Or. SOLE AGENTS for Oregon and Washington Territory. 171m1

THE YELLOW-STONE NATION AL PARK

And other scenery along the line of O. N. F. R. R.

Complete Journal of Descriptions, Maps, etc. PRICE, 50c NET.

E. K. Gill & Co., BOOKSELLERS. LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO DEALERS. 170

THE ONLY GENUINE BORAX SOAP. ENOCH WHITE. Especially adapted for washing Flannels or Woolens. Perfection for Toilet and Bath use. For sale only by M. HAMBURGER & CO., Portland, Or.

The largest stock of Fire Arms of all kinds ever brought to the north-west now offered for sale at 88 cents on the dollar of cost. Call and see them. Winchester and Marlin Repeating Rifles and Shotguns, the best hunting guns in the world. WM. BROS. & SON, 98 Second st.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ONE-HALF SCHOOLSHIP, RESTing on 200, by the Portland Rope and Oakum Works, Portland. Apply at Room 11, H. McCoy, Third street, between Stark and Oak. Oct 1 171y2

FOR SALE—TEAM, HORSES, WAGON AND harness. Also, 1 milch cow, one heavy mare. Good bargains. Austin J. Rinard, Real Estate Agents, Fourth st., bet. Pine and Oak.

FOR SALE—THE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE Portland Mills. Machinery in good running order. Two run of stone, splendid water power and including 200 acres of land, garden, dwelling house, etc. Inquire of Mrs. E. Jones, on the premises, or of John H. Foster, 90 Front st., Portland. 171y1m

GOOD HORSE FOR SALE—INQUIRE AT NO. 30 Washington street.

FOR SALE—HOUSE OUTFIT AT A BARGAIN, consisting in part of one complete suite in first-class condition, John Watham feather, 12 inch bed; Tools and materials. Apply at 125 Front st. 171tf

FOR SALE—A GOOD CHANCE FOR A HOTEL. The Western hotel in Walla Walla, one of the best established and doing a good business; good furniture, central location, well patronized. Will sell part or the whole, and will take mortgage for remainder. For terms address MRS. PERKINSON, Western Hotel, Walla Walla.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE AT PRIVATE SALE—ONE elegant Library Suite, finely Brussels Carpets, Elegant Chairs, Lounges, Mantel Ornaments, Fine Hall Stock, Piano Mirror, Library Table, Lovely Bedroom Suits, Elegant Mirrors, Exquisite Parlor Suits, Handsome Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Extension Tables, Chairs, Rockers, Oil Cloths, Mattresses, Bedding, Crockery, Stoves, Ranges, etc. 42 First st. 2tj

FOR SALE—GOOD GENTLE RIDING PONY AT Eighth street, corner Salmon. 171m

FOR SALE—THE PORTLAND LAUNDRY is finely furnished and doing a first-class business. The buyer can lease building for one year or month. Inquire at the premises. 170tf

FOR SALE—A NEW FEEDING MILL, CAPACity 50 bushels per hour, and a number of Saxony three-quarter cloths of the finest water powers on the Willamette river, 35 miles from Portland. These cloths are in first-class order, and will be sold at a bargain. Reasons for selling, not a miller. For further particulars inquire at Holladay avenue, East Portland. 3ptjan

PITCH FACTORY FOR SALE, WITH BUILDings, machinery, etc., complete. Call on the undersigned corner, Park and A streets. 2tj

FOR SALE—THE ENTIRE STOCK OF MERchandise, consisting of men, youths and boys' clothing, furnishing goods and shoes, counters, shelves, show cases, safes, etc., and will continue till the stock is sold; shelves and counters for sale cheap. J. ROSENBERG, No. 147 First street, between Morrison and Alder. 2tj

SALE OR RENT—FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE stockholders in Portland, a good business property, suitable for any corporate man. Address Rich-MOND, Box 1, Portland, Or. 169tf

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—$4000—NORTH HALF LOT 3, BLOCK 2, Front st. Burrows, Welch & Oliver, 4 Washington.

FOR SALE—TWO CHOICE LOTS, CORNER OF Stevens and Market. Price, $4,000. Call on Portland Real Estate Agency, 4 Washington st.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE PAYING PROPERTY in the heart of the city—three-story brick N. E. corner First and Salmon, on one lot 50x100. Also one of two 100, 70x100, on S. E. corner Second and Alder—$40,000.

One store brick on two lots, S. W. corner Front and Taylor—$6,000.

For further particulars apply to L. L. HAWKES, No. 8 Oak street.

FOR SALE—HOMES ON THE INSTALLMENT plan; one, north of the balance in small amounts of $25 per month, with interest. I will give a deed to the property and take a mortgage back for the money. HARRISON DAVIS, northeast corner First and Stark street.

MULTNOMAH, THE MOST BEAUTIFUL AND accessible suburban property in the market. Commanding plateau naturally drained, graded and sodded; all in fruit; commands a view of Portland, East Portland, Albina and the river and hills beyond. Also, 10 acres adjoining the above, with fine orchard, and

AND COMMISSION.

C.H.STEVENS.

LMAN & CO.,
Commission Merchants
St., bet. Pine and Ash.

ES OF REAL ESTATE, HOUSE
Furniture, Horses, Carts, Harness, Etc.
DAYS—Tuesdays and Fridays.

O'CONNOR,
Commission Merchant
Wood and Flour,
Hay, Feed, Produce & Mdse. sale,
Ample Sale.

AUCTION SALE
OF FINE
FURNITURE, ETC.

Sale-Room, No. 42 First St.,

JULY 22, 1868,
10 o'clock A. M.,
ostc. finely upholstered, latest de-
Chiffonnier,
Sofa, upholstered in plush;
om Suits; Cane Seat Bed Lounges;
ood Lounges;
Mahogany and Ash Sideboards;
ets, Japan Matting,
ding Mattresses, Lamps,
ads, Pictures,
ALSO
Sale; 17 & M'F. Sts.
LMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

ng Powder.

ronger than any other
king Powder.

ed Cream of Tartar
finest English Bi-
bonate of Soda,
nothing else.

e Avenue, no Starch.

TON BROS. & CO.,
Manufacturers, San Francisco.
AKER & MANN,
Agents, Portland.

SSION MERCHANTS.

NO. 120 FRONT STREET, PARR
produce a specialty.

OMMERVILLE, SHIPPING AND
chants, 82 Front st., Portland.

COMMISSION AND PRODUCE
82 Front street, Portland.

& CO., GROCERIES AND COM-
82 Front st., cor Stark, Portland.

VS. COMMISSION AND PRO-
ce, cor N. Front and D sts, Port-

CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS
in wheat and wool. No. 30 North

RCH & CO., SHIPPING AND
Purchasing, forwarding wheat, bone,
, etc. N. W. cor. Front and Ash sts.

LESALE GROCERIES.

SOMMERVILLE, WHOLESALE
Front st., Portland, Or.

WIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS
ront and Main sts., Portland, Or.

MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GRO-
mission Merchants, 84 and 86 Front

& MASON, WHOLESALE GRO-
mission Merchants, 40, 42 & 44
land.

& ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GRO-
ding and Commission Merchants,
street, Port and, Or.

LESALE DRY GOODS.

& CO., IMPORTERS OF DRY GOODS
ry, No. 72 Front st.

LE BOOTS AND SHOES.

HBARD & CO., WHOLESALE
ers, No. 62 Front st., Portland.

& CO., IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS
ots and Shoes, No. 58 Front st., Portland, Oregon.

AGES AND WAGONS.

CARRIAGE COMPANY, FOURTH
ow, just received, two car loads car-
ages, buggies, hacks and
ons of village carts.

EY, SALMON ST., BETWEEN
& First—Manufacturers of carriages,
trucks, drays, and carts, etc.; every
at two of eastern make; everything
not cheaper than elsewhere.

ESS AND SADDLERY.

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER
the harness and saddlery, horse
ishing, curry combs, saddlery hardware,
ools a specialty. 104 and 106 Front s.

S, IMPORTER AND MANUFAC-
ness and saddles, 101 Front, cor Taylor.

RE, IRON AND STEEL.

DD & CO., IMPORTERS AND JOB-
Plate and Window Glass, Putty, Brush-
LING & CO., IMPORTERS AND
and 52 Front street, Portland, Or.

ORRISON, IMPORTERS AND
and 50 Front street, Portland.

RACKS AND CARRIAGES.

LIVERY AND HACK STABLES
and Taylor sts., kept in the city
ages, hacks with passen-
24, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27.

ERY STABLE, EAST PORTLAND,
ves, buggies and horses; the best
reasonable rates. Telephone.

D FARM MACHINERY.

OBY & CO., NO 8 N. FRONT ST.,
& B. Improved Self-Raking Reapers
Mowers, Headers in addition
ow mills a specialty.

HON, & GUNN, MANUFACTU-
ers in all kinds of Sterling mill ma-
reduction and order mills a specialty.
HOUSE, R. Arent, Salem, Or.

WALKER, FRONT ST., FOOT OF
Proprietor of engines, saw mills, thresh-
farm and spring wagons, buggies and
ages, all of the latest improvements
the finest catalogue.

ND & CO., SOLE AGENTS ROCK-
Scales, Wells & Tresham, Fairbanks,
Buchanan's Warehouse Fronts, Fire Vises, etc.

AN & CO., MAKERS OF ENGINES
and Stewards, Fire Engines, Hose Carts,
Columbia and Clay, Portland.

ER & CO., FLOURING MILLS EX-
All Kinds of Grinding and Manufacturing
Machinery.

RELL & CO., WHOLESALE HARD-
Agents for Bain Wagons, Cham-
McCormick Reapers and Mowers, and
Implements, Portable and stationary
Grist mills, Smut machines, Bolting
from Pennsylvania oil, Belting, Files,
Ash Sts.

THERS, NOS. 9 AND 11 FRONT S.,
and manufacturers of all kinds of Trunks
Woods Mowers, Reapers, Plows, Ro-
Cultivators, Seed Sowers, Horse Rakes,
and Rosedale's, etc.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

DEALER IN GRAIN, PRODUCE
Front st., Portland, Or.

EN & CO., DAIRY PRODUCE AND
No. 58 Front, cor. Oak, Portland, Or.

AND WAGON MATERIAL.

IRE & CO., 228 AND 230 FRONT ST.,
ed 1858) deal exclusively in Carriage
Material, Coal, Iron, Steel and Hardware.
Material, Coal, Iron, Steel and Hardware. Portland and Yamhill streets, Portland.

SCALES.

ERSON'S SCALES, EVERY KIND,
S. Standard Scales; every scale war-
and 90 Front street.

GUNPOWDER.

DD & CO., AGENTS CAL. POWDER
Front and Vine sts., Portland, Or.

LING & CO., AGENTS FOR DU-
powder, 81 and 83 Front street.

ELS AND CHANDELIERS.

FABRICATORS—MARBLE AND SLATE
ntels; agents for Portland, Portland
ns; 88 and 90 Front st., Portland.

RUITS AND NUTS.

DEALER IN CHANNEL COAL,
and Nuts of all kinds, 102 Front st.

MAN HAIR GOODS.

ASE, NO. 3 MORRISON STREET,
Ornamental Hair, all kinds of work
Combings made over.

ESSES, WHOLESALE

ERS TO CUSTOM TRADE.
Manufacturers of Mattresses on the
Machine Co-sewn.

Supplied at a Liberal Discount.
SPRING AND MATTRESS CO.,
and 87 Sansome street, Portland,
on Francisco.

CE TIMBER LANDS.

PREPARED TO DIRECT PARTIES
Government and State lands in Oregon
Washington Territory, and to furnish
ed in the county. Capitalists and
ing their money in timber lands can
ation by addressing the undersigned
ington Territory. Refers to Hon. J.
Salem, Oregon; Hon. Reuben P. Boise,
Hon. Wm. Strong, Portland, Oregon.
ROSS, Olympia, W. T.

Daily Oregonian.

PORTLAND MORNING, JULY 1, 1868.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Office United States army, Division of
and reports for the month of June
report for the last 24 hours. The
observations are taken at the same mo-
at the stations named.

Portland, July 17, 7 P. M.

Stations.	Bar.	Change last 24 Hours.	Ther.	Direc tion of Wind	Vel. of Wind	State of Weather
Portland	29.56	—.07	78	N	.00	Fair
Astoria	29.56	—.06	74	Calm	.00	Fair
Umpqua	29.91	—.04	78	N	.00	Fair
Roseburg	29.79	—.01	69	S	.00	Clear
Yreka	29.87		68	S	.00	Clear

Mean, 82.5. Min. Temp., 65.4.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.

Co commence the sale of the stock of
stores, etc., at 206 First street, this
M.

CITY

AUTHORITY OBSTRUCTED.—A correspondent
he has several times noticed in the local
of The Oregonian an advertisement
Smith Hive verb and its progeny thus "to
Thave if there is any authority for
and verbs in such a position. The young
scribble for the local columns of this
evidently not considered as good authori-
Inquirer. If any apology were
a girl be sufficient to say that news-
ish as do not expect reporters to always
correctly, but merely to hope that they
be enabled to clear away weeds and thorns
in his "Grammar of Grammars"—
the highest author upon the English gram-
to be the largest—says: "For this place
is no definite general rule can be given.
is no other part of speech to which to
of the infinitive with
ople Hon "to," sense gram macisms say that
not to be separated by an adverb. It is
the editors in its general sense elegantly
the proposition took after it; but, pe-
better position may sometimes sometimes
quently, which is more frequently than his
The same eminently further states that this
of the infinitive is always followed by
and it might also have been suggested, sance
that a newspaper reporter is a good as a
of time, and should be a lover as much

MONEY STOLEN.—Mrs. Baggage, the land-
a lodging houses in Astoria, was a passenger
Mountain Queen, arriving in the city Mon-
ng from that place. She had with her $150
the proceeds of her industries with which
posed to pay off certain obligations in the
the money for safe keeping was tied up in
and and then wrapped in a black shawl.
wrapping was kept upon the little black bundle
ge, as she thought, in a valise within. But
valise never reached the city at all, some
ad taken the step of opening the valise
not see her state rooms, and left the bundle
on a seat in the ladies'
where it remained as a pillow
hopeful child of her fellow passenger,
ing to secure the bundle the discovery
that the money had been purloined.
Mrs. Morgan was informed of the
ance outside to fasten the guilt upon anyone,
the boat landed the passengers and
ge were dispersed in all directions. Baggage
ly informed the police of her loss, and fix-
ion of the thief. This is the third
ce has been detailed to work up the case. As
ce has been detailed to work up the case. As
Probably Mrs. Baggage knows now, that
that she could have bought a draft on
ilt's bank in Portland, and thus
money to conceal this in the form of a
ge would have enjoyed it.—In these
and smoke it is regretting to read of
ion as the fall wing, which is copied
dation destined of the 14th. In the street
when words in the fashion of the moment
ce to be allied to a balloon
the one alluded to, and use it around
the country. I will be very long
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SUICIDE.—Yesterday morning J.
the first mate of the ship Texas, who fell
several days ago, injuring his side
to walk about since, but only
While one thing along the deck his
and he was seen to go down into the
a bed. Without the same time,
the first mate of the vessel there,
Mueller, stepped up from below
was first, except that he had received
again stumbled and struck his head,
old wounds to break open afresh.

INQUEST PAIN.—Justice Kreamer's court
date of a trial yesterday in which the
defendant took a change. It
Al Sing was employed in a sawing room
Paul Schulz at Mountain View, and
Schulz's own labor, for which
compensated $2 50 per cord. The
Sing and Chyad Paul Deady to de-
and the employer Ou Sunday Ah Sing
the cook. The manager of the room
of the stove at 5 P. M. and
did not get his commissions and re-

Low.—Gus Meyer, proprietor of a beer
corner of Washington and Fourth streets,
St. Vincent's hospital the other day, suf-
an attack of delirium tremens. Miller
about four years a resident of California
community, and holds property to the
at a life of hap-pens. By one day he
good opening, here lunch, etc., before, and
set in the business of beer selling. Meyer
been on the up's grade, and now is
hospitality and mentality, of his former
friends, fortune smiles for her, dimples low weeks

STRANGER.—The driver of Ex-
billed at this office yesterday to say that he
charge any man $1 50 for taking a satchel to
side train; that a young man at the Second
with three trunks to the depot on
that when he asked for his
young man said he paid the hotel clerk;
back to the hotel, where he found
been sent to the depot with the train which
starting out, and by for the purpose
satchel, caused him to pay the fee de-
Stranger, he intended to surrender.

DRUNK AND OFFICER.—With the coming
of the new money order law on the 1st of
post offices it be following places were
order offices: Moscow, Idaho; Boun-
Marion, Milton; St. Helens and Hood
Elkhorn, Farmington, Washington
Washington territory.

DOUBLE VACATION.—The First Congrega-
church of this city will be closed during the
ensuing. Dr. Merrin will return late in
service will be in again the first Sunday
During the doctor's absence the
repair and clean the building and put
the interior with.

ON THE FIRE.—Last evening as the fire bell
a man drove right by Down Front street in
vehicle in which he had apparently
the contents of an oyster saloon, as
ever built; a dozen small boys were
upon the trail step. The driver had
all stowed and the vehicle was loaded too
to carry, which no doubt the body hand to
upon the country. I will be very long
ing child of her fellow passenger,
to secure the bundle the discovery
that the money had been purloined.
Mrs. Morgan was informed of the
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EXTENSIVE FIRE.

The Steamboat and Schooners Hotel and Grand Stables Burned.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS LOSS.

An Entire Block, Except the Brick Corner, Destroyed—List of Losers and Insurance—Report of Death in the Flames.

A few minutes before 7 o'clock last evening fire broke out in the building on Second street, near C, occupied by Lindman & Mueller, the lower story as a furniture store, the upper as a cabinet makers' shop. The flames started in the upper story, where a quantity of seasoned lumber was stored, which caused them to spread with great rapidity and the Grand stable was soon in a blaze. For some unaccountable reason no one turned in an alarm and the first intimation the department received of the fire was at 7 o'clock, when a lad came running up to No Two's house, shouting that the Grand stables was on fire. The company at once started for the fire and an alarm was turned in from the box at the police office, which brought out the remainder of the department in a hurry. By the time the engines reached the scene the fire had gained great headway and it was a foregone conclusion that the block, with the except on of the brick building on the north east corner, was doomed. Several frame wooden establishments in the furniture store, and the front of the stable, but they had no perceptible effect, and the conflagration swiftly and down the stable which extended through the center of the block, and in a very brief space it was all in flames. Everything was as dry a powder and the heat was intense. The flames spread south and attacked the Rickmond hotel and a cottage at its rear facing on Third street and extending north, enveloped the residence of Mat. Keith and attacked the side of the Nicolai house, which in a short time was in a blaze from the basement to the top of the flag staff.

The scene at this time was grandly magnificent. In the center of the block a mass of seething flame which towered high above the surrounding buildings and gave forth such an intense heat that the engine men in front of the Richmond were driven to retreat and the firemen were obliged to use their best efforts to preserve the buildings on the east side of second street which caught fire in a number of places.

An effective force of willing workers got to the fire before the engines arrived, and began to save property as best they could. Most of the vehicles in the stable were rescued at the Third street entrance, and many horses were saved. The boarding horses and livery stock in the Richmond stable, about thirty horses, were got out in safety. Those in the second floor of the Nicolai house, and Italian, whose name could not be learned, broke down a stall and made an incline to a pile of hay. Thirty-two noticed about thirty horses and forced them down stairs upon the incline. Baggage in the offices of the Nicolai and the Richmond house was saved. Together with safes, books and papers, but not more than half of the effects of lodgers and the furniture of the upper floors could be removed, owing to the intense heat and rapid spread of the flames.

The Nicolai brick block stood the fiery test well. On the west the fierce flames brought the iron doors and shutters to a white heat, and it was feared they would be warped from their fastenings. The building was filled with smoke, but a well directed stream upon the kitchen of the Nicolai saved the critical moments, saved the brick from destruction. Several times the torrent on Second street, and the same on Second and Third, when the flames coming at the rear, at neither point were the flames allowed to gain headway, good streams being thrown to the roof from the street. The wooden work of the Mariners' block was nearly opposite the Nicolai and the International half a block below got to smoking and were protected with wet blankets. Fortunately there was not the least breath of wind stirring, else it would not have been possible to keep the fire within the limits of the block. As usual in the summer season, there was a scarcity of water and cisterns soon pumped dry. One engine had to be moved to the river at the foot of B street. It was fortunate also that the water did not give out at critical moments, as orphan asylum, as it was used for the supply of the engines.

The cause of the block was upon a heap of spoonding wire, and the flames were set on fire by sparks from a forge in the Richmond. It may be possible to illicit a balloon ascension from the one alluded to, and use it around the country. I will be very long

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SEVERE FIRE PROTECTION.

The necessity for more protection from fires was very evident last night. Our fire department is an efficient as it can be with the material and the water supply at its service, but a fire like that which occurred last evening shows how totally inadequate it would be to protect the city under certain circumstances. Had there been a strong wind blowing last evening it is more than probable that the city would have suffered a repetition of the fire of 1873. As it was the roofs of buildings a considerable distance from the fire were set on fire by the falling cinders. At Goldsmith & Co.'s and Fleischmann & Mayer's the roofs were on fire but were promptly extinguished. The old stanchion opposite Washams & Elliott's also caught fire, and a the area adjoining the Oak street entrance of Mellis Bros.' establishment, a box of papers was set on fire by falling cinders. Suppose a fire in the old frame range in town within the limits of the burning! Answer to the inquiry suggests itself.

For some time the Hydraulic Elevator Company has offered its property located in the best new section of the city, protection equal to that afforded by the fire department, namely three pipes at every corner on that street supplied by powerful pumps with the exhaustible water supply of the Willamette river. Such a system has been generally accepted because owners of buildings insist that occupants should pay, who can and claim that the might to the additional protection is absolutely necessary. Why, then, not have it? Let every one suspect whom the proposition is proportion to value protected. The board of fire commissioner offer a case the pipes were put in, certainly under direction of the chief fire engineer, in addition to the present department. It will be the part of prudence to secure the great protection offered.

BRIEF MENTION.

Regular communicating to-night.

Through ticket to Chicago were sold yesterday to H. Hirz and ife of Victoria and to Mrs. Wright of this city.

Sol Smith Russell has fairly "caught on" with "Edgewood Folks," and the theater was again packed last night.

J. O. Mason a few days since shot a bear weighing 260 pounds near his home, ten miles north of the city on the Tualatin road.

Wah Gong, alias Ah Ong Ohistman, will be examined in Justice Butler's court to-day, charged with stealing $60 from a county woman.

The north side of the Second street front of Wilhamette block—now Bright's building at the corner of Yamhill—is to be occupied as a restaurant by Robert Newcomb, who will establish therein his office, as grand recorder of the A. O. U. W., and secretary of the Pacific Life Insurance Association. He will have very commodious and convenient quarters.

PERSONAL.

E. O. Comegys and family of Kalama are registered at the St. Charles.

Judge L. L. McArthur arrived in the city last evening. He will remain here two days.

Mrs. Pfinger has been confined to her bed for the last four days and her condition yesterday is quite critical.

Lieutenant Ward Beach arrived Monday night from Fort Leavenworth, and will join his company at Fort Klamath about September 1st.

Gen Fisher of Madison Square theater has engaged rooms at the Occidental hotel. The manager arrived overland via the Northern Pacific railroad, in search of recreation and rest.

TAKING NOTES.

[FROM THE OREGONIAN'S LOCAL CORRESPONDENT.]

SALEM, W. T., July 13.

With the exception of a few localities the grasshopper did no serious damage this season.

A bank will be started here soon by well known residents of Seattle, who are the principal shareholders.

Col. W. F. Tompkins, Government timber agent, came here a few days ago to look after Uncle Sam's interests in the timber lands.

Lumber has been sold as high as $25 on the thousand feet and builders have to stand the burden. One man owns a saw mill in this vicinity.

Hoping has commenced in this vicinity. The crop is not as large as was at one time expected. The timothy crop is better than last year.

The Immigrant train the supposed parables for fruit. It will be up to peaches this season, but the grape vines are well loaded with fruit. A fair crop of apples will be had.

From the reports of settlers mainly homes on the east side of the Columbia above Priest rapids there will soon be a call for navigation on the upper river. The lands will be largely taken by the time the railroad is finished.

Farm hands are to be scarce and wages higher than usual this season to harvest the crop. Many of the sowing people this have been driven off by want of provisions, for one of the indications of the speedy and final downfall of this government is the scarcity of eatables. All orders must be sent direct to the factory, as fresh supplies cannot be had from the interior.

The cutting of barley will begin next week. The crop is a fair one, and will be a good average one; but the crop on the east side, as a whole, will be less than an average. A good many farmers put off irrigating to the long summer drought set in.

The Valley road at this place is being lengthened out and when finished will be double its length. Third street, this large addition to the inner side of the town. The south of the building will become 85 feet. On Main street and 80 on Third street. It is said a main hotel of the town—it might be said and it only one.

CONGREGATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF OREGON AND WASHINGTON.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

WALLA WALLA, W. T., July 16.

FOURTH DAY.

In sermon was preached by Rev. O. Eells, D. D., on the 13th chapter of Revelation, subject, "The Heavenly Song;" after which the Lord's supper was administered by Dr. Atkinson and Mr. McLoughlin.

At 8 o'clock service was held especially for the children. Mr. Lobleigh made a few remarks, and then introduced Miss Frances E. Willard, who addressed the audience on her favorite subject—total abstinence from the drink that make folks drunk. She said that we ought to teach the children because we can, because we ought, and because they ask for it. Illustrating these points with several interesting incidents. This was a rare treat for those present.

In the evening a home missionary meeting was held, at which addresses were made by Dr. Atkinson on the field; Rev. Haight on the churches, and Mr. Cobleigh on the work. Dr. Atkinson stated that Mr. Cobleigh had been called from the pastorate at this place to become general missionary for the Congregational churches of Oregon and Washington.

The meetings have not been as well attended as usual, only a out thirty-five ministers, delegates, correspondents and ladies and gentlemen visitors from abroad being present; but they have been characterized by much sweet and ordinary harmony and spiritual life—important subjects on which a difference of opinion existed having been discussed of harmonious.

COMING PASSENGERS.

The steamship Queen of the Pacific sailed from San Francisco or Portland yesterday, with the following passengers:

J E Dall & wf
P M Pringle
H L Judge & wf
E J Daly
Mrs Dr Tuttle
T J Willis
Wm Lea
D M Mahler
Wm Talbot & wf
M Mowser
Miss Ivy
Sam Meyer
Mrs Hirschberg
J Sullivan
J M Dettor.
F A Frank
D Packman
Miss Maggie Reardon
W O Dayon
J T Williams
J S Severin
C Miller
Wm Douglas and wife
O N Jones and wife
M Green
Mr Nellis
J O Mayes
J L Kirby
E Morris
O M Minn
B C Hartsoe and wife
M H Fernberg
Mrs C O Bancroft
K Hotchkiss.
Mrs Block
J Armitage
T P Wilcox
J H Budd
Miss F
E B Miles
Mrs Mason
S A Lang
Mrs Watkins
Miss Firth
J Firth, wife and daughter
C D Knox & family
H Miller and wife
A Rankin, wife and son
J Wegel

G Glover & wf
J C Kean & wf
J H Miller
Miss R Wells
Mrs Brackett
J Levy
E J Hawkins
J Armer
R E Dow
Mrs J S Wands
A Tomlein & daughter
F Lewis
J Mills
J Halberstadt
J B Hay
Miss Lottie Clark
W H Talbot
O T Tompkins
W O Dayon
J T Williams
J S Severin
J Kohn
C Miller
Wm Douglas and wife
O N Jones and wife
M Green
Mr Nellis
J O Mayes
J L Kirby
E Morris
O M Minn
B C Hartsoe and wife
M H Fernberg
Mrs C O Bancroft
K Hotchkiss.
Mrs Block
J Armitage
T P Wilcox
J H Budd
Miss F
E B Miles
Mrs Mason
S A Lang
Mrs Watkins
Miss Firth
J Firth, wife and daughter
C D Knox & family
H Miller and wife
A Rankin, wife and son
J Wegel

Miss Alice McCafferty
T L Thornton
W Knox
J Rolling
W W Foge

THE COURTS.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT.

MONDAY, July 16.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Hammond vs. Holmes & Co.—Time extended five weeks to file motion for new trial.

Strong vs. City of East Portland—Time for filing amended complaint enlarged two weeks.

Benjamin vs. Allen vs. Lee Loy, et. al.—Leave to file same; Cook on habit.

Johnson vs. Moore—Motion for further bill of items submitted.

Connelly vs. Mitchell.—Motion to dissolve injunction denied.

TUESDAY, July 17.

State of Oregon vs. Robert Chenault—Indicted as Henry Fuller—Plea not guilty and case set.

State of Oregon vs. George W. Rice—Sentence one year in the penitentiary.

General jury present no indictments.

Grand Jury vs. Hop Jung & Co.—On trial.

The Chairman has reason to think the United States is to be home of the free words, after he has read his position will be to dollars, the treasurer refuses to receive them as money. "Too dam Roe," Bob might say.—*Chicago Herald.*

The work of blood and sinew to be sold by Kilbourn this morning at auction, at No. 91 North Front street, will be sold peradventure cost. You can buy in lots to suit.

A. W Seid & Co. the grocers, formerly No. 8 First, have re-it ed from the city and is now at Church Hoo's store, 36 North Front, where they will be pleased to see his old customers and others.

For fresh fish and rock call on Dayton, Hall & Lamberson, 86 First street.

Soda water, 10 cts; pillow sops, at Woodard, Clarke & Co's.

Ice cream we cater 3 seats. See the coffee house and lunch saloon, Henry Gruhle, proprietor.

WHAT A WOMAN THINKS ON THE TEMPERANCE QUESTION.

PORTLAND, July 16.

The subject of prohibition and the pertinent question, can it prohibit has indeed become an oft absorbing theme among all classes of society, and, like Banquo's ghost, it will not down at the bidding, but is a subject of such great importance, that we in a stubborn fearlessness it is ours to study.

The question, can prohibitory laws be enforced? sounds like a confession of weakness, or a want of faith in the power of law; and the thought which naturally arises is, why can not such a law be enforced as well as laws against murder, or any other offence?

It is true these laws are broken every day in the year; but swift punishment is meted out to the offending, and such a suggestion is not for a moment considered, that such laws should be blotted from the statute book because they can not be perfectly enforced.

Again, it is thought naturally arises, why not license any other crime, if the price (monetive) of every crime named and unnamed is to be licensed and prohibited by the strong arm of government?

The two questions being settled in the affirmative as to the constitutionality of prohibitory laws and their being accordant with the best interests of society, the very next step is for our law makers to accede to the will of the people and enact such laws as will forever prohibit the manufacture and sale of those beverages which Love proves to be the curse of the nation and of the world; and then the people should use every means to see that they are enforced.

A "cloud of witnesses" may speedily be arrayed to prove the grand results which have followed in those states so fortunate and so wise as to have enforced prohibitory laws for the protection of their citizens.

From Maine, that grand old pioneer in this glorious work of emancipation, comes the cheering record, that after a trial of twenty-five years a constitutional amendment, prohibiting forever the manufacture and sale of Intoxicating Liquors, passed both houses of the legislature of that state, by a vote of 104 to 32, thus proving that the results are most satisfactory, whatever its adversaries may say to the contrary.

Governor Washburn, of Massachusetts, in his annual address to the legislature of 1874, said: "Some honest reformers may urge the plea that the present law is not thoroughly enforced in some cities as a reason for its repeal and the abolition of license; but shall we repeal the laws against gambling, murder, prostitution and burglary simply because they cannot be thoroughly enforced? This would be equivalent to saying we will not have any laws applicable to the worst classes of society."

After the repeal of this law, so conducive to the safety, happiness and well being of the people, and the subsistence of license, Governor Claflin, in his message to the legislature of 1870, said:

"The increase of crime and drunkenness is very marked and decisive. The state prison, jails and houses of correction are being rapidly filled, and additions to be enlarged if the commitments increase as they have since the present law went into force."

The testimony from most reliable witnesses comes from every other state, where prohibitory law have been enacted, and from every town where local options have prevailed.

But those who plead for license, acknowledge all we ask of them, when they admit this infamous traffic, to be a dangerous business—that it ought to be kept under proper restraints and penalties. These admissions and but little short of the useful agency for the treasury of the state to commit any crime—from petty larceny upto the foulest murder lurks within each glass of the beverage of hell, gained from the hand of its fiendish victim. In human souls, into the hand of his blinded victim.

It that glass the incendiary lights his torch, in the basest, which the whole world blushes—from that glass the would-be-murderer pours into his soul the murder courage to commit upon his dead of blood and the poor fond husband and father finds the courage the fiendish power to lay his hand in brutal wrath upon a loving wife and helpless children.

With these certainly appalling facts, with the admitted fact that at the bottom of all the crime, misery and sufferings which the world is heir to is directly traceable to this traffic, we, who have no part, or lot in the matter of enacting the laws, whereby we are governed, must confess that any measure, which is to lead deeper into and to widen the moral pestilence, which soon infuses with its foul presence, the very air we breathe—surcharged as I do with the most potent elements of death, the utter destruction of not only the body, but the soul of man—does not impress us as meeting the mark of strict justice, or even wise statesmanship.

On the contrary, that such a dangerous element, directly opposed to the set interests of the people governed, is permitted to exist, seems not to accord with the general wisdom; especially in view of not only the unparalleled evils which follow in its train, but of the exasperating fact that these very evils could be and should be almost entirely obviated, if not wholly removed by the stamp of legislative disapproval.

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With these certainly appalling facts, with the admitted fact that at the bottom of all the crime, misery and sufferings which the world is heir to is directly traceable to this traffic, we, who have no part, or lot in the matter of enacting the laws, whereby we are governed, must confess that any measure, which is to lead deeper into and to widen the moral pestilence, which soon infuses with its foul presence, the very air we breathe—surcharged as I do with the most potent elements of death, the utter destruction of not only the body, but the soul of man—does not impress us as meeting the mark of strict justice, or even wise statesmanship.

On the contrary, that such a dangerous element, directly opposed to the set interests of the people governed, is permitted to exist, seems not to accord with the general wisdom; especially in view of not only the unparalleled evils which follow in its train, but of the exasperating fact that these very evils could be and should be almost entirely obviated, if not wholly removed by the stamp of legislative disapproval.

Again, it is thought naturally arises, why not license any other crime, if the price (monetive) of every crime named and unnamed is to be licensed and prohibited by the strong arm of government?

The two questions being settled in the affirmative as to the constitutionality of prohibitory laws and their being accordant with the best interests of society, the very next step is for our law makers to accede to the will of the people and enact such laws as will forever prohibit the manufacture and sale of those beverages which Love proves to be the curse of the nation and of the world; and then the people should use every means to see that they are enforced.

A "cloud of witnesses" may speedily be arrayed to prove the grand results which have followed in those states so fortunate and so wise as to have enforced prohibitory laws for the protection of their citizens.

From Maine, that grand old pioneer in this glorious work of emancipation, comes the cheering record, that after a trial of twenty-five years a constitutional amendment, prohibiting forever the manufacture and sale of Intoxicating Liquors, passed both houses of the legislature of that state, by a vote of 104 to 32, thus proving that the results are most satisfactory, whatever its adversaries may say to the contrary.

QUARTERLY REPORT.

J. A. Stratton, superintendent of the Oregon state penitentiary, has made the following report to Hon. R. B. Bothell, secretary of state, for the quarter ending June 30, 1868:

EXPENDITURES.

Salary of officers and guards	$2,349 60
Salary of visiting physician	15 00
Meats	739 97
Flour	262 84
Groceries	329 70
Clothing	135 45
Hardware and tinware	146 73
Leather and findings	102 40
Drugs	17 7
Sewing machine and dry goods	171 71

The Daily Orleanian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1883.

ENGLAND

THE WIMBLEDON CONCERT.

WIMBLEDON, July 17.—The American team to-day competed for a cup sent to England specially for their competition. They fired to-day at 200, 500 and 600 yards. The highest scores were made by Jomes and Hinman, who tied for the prize. In the second match for the queen's prize, Sergeant Mackay, of the First Sutherland regiment, was victor. Three targets have been assigned to the Americans for the late national match and three to Elv District. The name of the twenty men to fill compose the American team will be announced Friday, the day the match begins.

SQUIB SCORES.

LONDON, July 17.—In the shooting for the Sloane prize at Wimbledon yesterday, five contestants, including Sinnamon of the American team, and Young and Ribbons of the English team, made equal scores—45 out of a possible 50.

SARGENT'S PRIZE WINS.

LONDON, July 17.—At the great Yarmouth meeting to-day the race for the maiden plate was won by J. H. Keene's Portent, Sir J. S. Kes' Agnes Beatrice second, Sir Oswald Goodricke's Chloris third. There were five starters. Betting at odds of 7 to 4 against Portent, 10 to 1 against Agnes Beatrice, and 11 to 1 against Chloris. Portent won by a length.

VERDICT OF A MANSLAUGHTER.

LONDON, July 17.—The coroner's jury in the railway accident near Penrith, in which Johnson, a railway employe, was killed, returned a verdict of manslaughter against Peter Gowrie, boiler-maker. Gowrie had surrendered.

THE SUEZ CANAL CONGRESS.

LONDON, July 17.—The opposit on instead to urge the government to submit the Suez canal agreement to the house of commons without delay.

Sir Melborne, lord-high chancellor, said both parties would have more leisure in the autumn. The government refused to recognize the undoubted rights of a private company which had established itself in the face of great obstacles.

LONDON, July 17.—The Standard says the opinion of the cabinet concerning the canal agreement has not been changed, but the government is now more hopeful. Dr. Lesseps, it is believed, would not have broken off negotiations with the British government had not been accepted, but a reply left as they were when his secretary left London.

Daily News: Consequent on the stand that Sir Stafford Northcote will propose a vote of a want of confidence in the ministry, even if the canal agreem nt is withdrawn.

SOME STRIKES THAT ARE REGRETTED.

LONDON, July 17.—Dispatches from Cairo agree that the number of deaths there from cholera far exceeds the number given in the official report. A correspondent says that nearly one hundred deaths occurred from cholera in Cairo Monday.

TRIBUTE TO EMIL MONACO.

LONDON, July 17.—A Marseilles letter states that the Prince of Monaco is negotiating with France for the sale of that principality for 10,000,000 francs, subject to the cancellation of a gambling concession for twenty-seven years.

IRELAND.

PARNELLITE CANDIDATE BEATEN.

DUBLIN, July 17.—Polling for a member of parliament for Wexford borough took p ce to-day. Considerable excitement was shown towards the close. Only two votes were polled after 4 o'clock. Crowds drove through the streets. Sinnott, member of parliament for Sligo, was present in the interest of William Redmond, Parnellite candidate, and imposed on the people to vote for him. The O'Connor Don's roommates rooms were ransacked, many policemen arrived this afternoon to assist in maintaining order. The election resulted in the victory for Redmond who secured 3019 votes, against 66 for The O'Connor Don.

After the result of the polling had been declared The O'Connor Don drove along the street, under escort. The party were pelted by a mob and the police charged, the crowd which fled on all sides. Several persons were wounded, some through the fringe. Three policemen were injured, one seriously. Some of the policemen were intoxicated and then knocked down and trampled upon. Finally order was restored and the police withdrawn. In a speech this evening Hodgeand the police behaved nobly.

FRANCE.

PANAMA CANAL MEETING.

PARIS, July 17.—The Panama Canal Company met to-day. The report of De Lesseps repeated his former statement that the canal would be finished at the end of 1888, and also stated that the government engineer would assume the direction of active work on the canal, which would be partly be understood. Referring to the Suez ca project, De Lesseps said: "We have accomplished loyally, without relinquishing any of our rights."

THE COUNT DE CHAMBORD'S CONDITION.

PARIS, July 17.—Dr. Vital Jan and other doctors had a consultation to-day, after which they issued a bulletin stating that the operation for the extraction of Count de Chambord remains unsatisfactory. The count is unable to remain a day longer stationary. He has succeeded in convincing the count's physicians that inflammation of the stomach, accompanied by thickening of the tissue.

DR LESSEPS CONFIDENT.

PARIS, July 17.—Gaulois says De Lesseps declares that in 10 or 12 days a new Suez canal convention will be signed in France and other countries if England refuses to advance the money.

WASHINGTON GOES TO MEXICO.

PARIS, June 17.—Washington has been appointed ambassador to England in place of Tissot, who resigns on account of ill health.

ITALY.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST CHOLERA.

CAIRO, July 17.—The sanitary commission is endeavoring to purify Cairo and isolate houses where the cholera has appeared. If any cholera goes from from hold in the city it is impossible that it will be allowed to take its course, and that great precaution only will be taken to check its progress.

CAIRO, July 17.—The disease around infected districts are all been abandoned.

ALEXANDRIA, July 17.—Doctors still are reading generally, from both the country and the sanitary commission is making steps to isolate Alexandria. Twenty-eight deaths from the disease occurred at Damie in yesterday and in twenty-six at Mansoorah.

ALEXANDRIA, July 17.—Twenty-five deaths from cholera occurred at Cairo yesterday, and forty-two at Mansoorah. The sanitary commission propose to declare martial law.

ALEXANDRIA, July 17.—The case of two English women here, suspected of suffering from cholera, has been proved to be a case of diarrhœa. The patient died because of her removal to a hospital. As there is much doubt that the epidemic is true Asiatic cholera it is possible that wrong treatment in daily has caused hundreds of sufferers. Mussulman commissioners are urgently requested to investigate the matter.

GERMANY.

THE PROJECT APPROVED.

BERLIN, July 17.—The *National Zeitung* approves the project to make the English people again the Suez canal agreement, and proposes that all the maritime powers buy the canal and place it under control of an international commission.

CANADA.

THE STARTING HOUR EXTENDED

PEMBROKE, Ont., July 17.—Rutland and Loss have agreed to extend the time of starting from 3 to 6:45 P. M. to-morrow; suitable water for the race to take place between 5 and 6:45 P. M. the day following.

WEST INDIES.

DUTIES ON TOBACCO AND MOLASSES.

HAVANA, July 17.—Advices from San Domingo say that no agreem nt has fixed the export duty on tobacco at $1 75 per quintal, for shipments made during the period from February to June, and only 50 cents per quintal for shipment between June and February. The object is to prevent the exportation of immature tobacco. Congress has also put an import duty of 12 per cent on Mexican silver.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

Washington Territory.

New Tacoma is promised a brass foundry by August 1st.

Elmsburg postoffice has recently had money order supplies.

None of the Cummins' murderers have as yet taken to appeal.

George Dunmer had a leg badly crushed in a saw mill near Ellensburg last week.

A petition will, soon be circulated asking for a mail route be ween Ellensburg and Spokumkie.

During the month of June there were entered at the Yakima land office, under the homestead culture law, 3600 acres; under the pre-emption law, 7000 acres; under the desert law, 14 000 acres, and under the timber culture law, 320 acres. The grazing patented under the desert act embraces that in the vicinity of Mule Lake, Yakima.

Tacoma Ledger:—There are about 670 acres of hops, old and new, in the Puyallup valley and tributaries this year, but good judges report the crop on the vines this day not promising not half a crop be expected. In general the yards look well, but the growers complain that the lice have not killed off, and, therefore, even if no more should now fall they would not avail anything, as the season is too far gone.

Dayton Chronicle: On our recent visit to Garfield county we made diligent inquiry in regard to the crop prospect and found that fall sowing is better than average. Fall wheat that has been already threshed was yielding thirty-five bushels to the acre and barley thirty-five bushels. Spring grain will being almost half a crop on the bottom lands while that growing within ten miles of the mountains will yield about better.

Congress at its last session made an appropriation for the survey of certain Indian reservations, among them the Colville, Swinomish and Lummi reservations, H. B. Stewart, deputy United States surveyor, is now engaged in the work, and having completed the survey of the Colville reservation, is now engaged on the Swinomish, from which he will proceed to the Lummi. Some disagreement exists among the Indians on the Swinomish reservation on account of the action of a chief named Joseph, who lays claim to the tract embracing the Indian village opposite La Conner.

Western Oregon.

Smith, the constable whose arm was amputated on account of Caldwell's rifle, is improving very fast, in fact his wound is very nearly well.

The body of a man was found Sunday in the Columbia below Tongue Point. Fifty dollars was found on the body, but no clue as to the man's name.

Bartholomew Kelley, aged 81 years, died on the 14th inst. The deceased lived six miles northeast of Salem. He was born in Bedford county Virginia, November 2, 1805, and crossed the plains in 1844.

HOSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

Makes A Cooling Drink.

Half a half teaspoonful of ice water put a teaspoonful of Acid Phosphate and sugar to the taste.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

DEEDS.

June 4, 1883—P. Kelly and wife to G. A. Barger; 6.23-100 acres, R. L. D. C.—$750.

June 30, 1883—W. Reid et al to P. Stephens; T. 11, R. 2 W.

July 3, 1883—Peter L. Ba... to G. ... 80.

MCKENNON DISPATCHES.

Third Sangerfest.

BUFFALO, July 16.—The grand reception concert of the twenty-third Sangerfest of the North American Sangerbund, was held this evening at the Music hall, by the German Young Men's Association and was an unqualified success. The attendance was nearly 5000. The exercises opened with a grand overture, followed by the festival ode, after which Governor Cleveland delivered an address of hall an hour, complimenting the association on its grand attendance. A reception was tendered the societies. The governor was warmly applauded. Addresses were also made by Philip Becker, president of the festival, and Mayor Mannhoff. The ceremonial of the presentation of banners to the societies was followed by an elaborately prepared programme. The concert part won general praise. There are at present seventy societies, numbering nearly 20,000 people. The city presents an unusually gay appearance.

Obsequies of General Thomas.

MILWAUKEE, Mass., July 16.—The death of General Rom Thomas was very sudden. He had risen from his bed shortly after being left alone by his brother-in-law, and was heard to fall. On going to his room he found him on the floor dead. The wife who was at Ocean Grove arrived this morning. The body has been embalmed and Wednesday will be exposed to public view. Brief but war services will be held, after which the body will leave here for Bridgeport, where it will be taken charge of by an army escort, a knights templar, of which he was a member. Public funeral service will be held Thursday, day at the stone vault, now being constructed on a family lot belonging to the deceased. The public will be enclosed to avoid a crowd, to prevent any disturbance from grave robbers.

Resolved to Strike.

CHICAGO, July 16.—It was reported late to-night that the leaders in the demands upon the Telephone company for increase of wages, have been notified to appear at headquarters to-morrow and give reasons why their demands should not be complied with. Unless they do so, which is considered equivalent to a discharge, and that, in consequence, all repairers and line men will strike in the morning.

Weary of Waiting.

HALIFAX, July 16.—The Halifax Living Association have telegraphed Hamilton Busby, of the *Turf, Field and Farm* of New York, as follows: "If notes and deposits from Hanlon and Lee regarding the Gentlemen Jim fight, please return deposits. Tired of waiting and other business proposed." Amount of the deposit was $500.

Charged with Wife Murder.

DENVER, Colo., July 16.—Edward Ely and was arrested here on the charge of killing his wife. Every circumstance of the woman, except those, is broken and the body all discolored or livid. They owned an Occupied a small farm on the outskirts of Porterville.

A Sculptor Suicide.

A New York July 16.—Frank Hedfort the French sculptor, has committed suicide.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Depression Waits.

LONDON, July 16.—The *Daily News* warns liberals not to be too much depressed by a hasty assessment against the government in regard to the canal scheme. It says the upset may of liberal ministry would literally disappoint all reforms, and that the country might have to wait for a decade for another ministry. The *News* journal adds that there is no mistaking the seriousness of the situation.

Outbreak in Madagascar.

LONDON, July 16.—Letters from Madagascar under date of March 8 says there is an outbreak of hostilities there. The Madagascar government advised British, Norwegian and American citizens residing in the capital to live near together so that if got demands might be be able to protect them in the event of a popular outbreak.

ADVICES FROM STANLEY.

LONDON, July 16.—According to advices from the west coast of Africa, H. M. Stanley, the explorer, was at Vivi, about to start on a tour, in another journey towards the east coast. The American explorer who was with him had been allotted another, and had formed alliances with two upper Congo chiefs, thereby checkmating the French explorer DeBrazza.

At the Cannon's Mouth.

LONDON, July 16.—The news from Lagos states to the effect that the British gun-boat Sparrowhawk, allowed by France to put consular dispatches on board the small steamer Taymouth Castle only after she had cleared her decks for action.

Ships Must be Consulted.

PARIS, July 16.—The commercial agent at Suez says: The porte has addressed a note to Eg pt, France and England, demanding that any agreement for the construction of the new Suez canal must be submitted to the sultan.

Lumber Undergraduate.

CAIRO, July 4.—The *Dispatch* says it is very apparent that the number of deaths from cholera here have been much greater than was stated. It is believed that fifty or sixty deaths have already occurred.

French Troops in Tonquin.

PARIS, July 17.—All the reinforcements sent to Tonquin have arrived. Owing to rains are great heat operations will not be begun before the end of September.

PRINCESS LOUISE'S PAINTINGS.

OTTAWA, July 16.—Princess Louis promised to send a number of her paintings—of and water colors—to the Boston foreign exhibition next October.

Two Senators Abroad.

LONDON, July 16.—United States Senators Don Cameron and J. R. Bawley were present at the house of comm ons last night.

Incendiary Operations.

CAIRO, July 17.—The railway from Cairo to Alexandria is exposed to incendiary operations immediately

UTAH.

ENGLISH OFFICIALS ON ABSENT

SALT LAKE, U. T., July 16.—Yesterday a special car of the Canadian government, containing Sir Alexander Campbell Minister of Justice, Colingwood Schreiber, chief Engineer of the Canadian government railway, arrived in this city. They are on their way to British Columbia, and will leave to-morrow morning for San Francisco.

IMMENSE PRECIPITATION SHIPMENT.

SALT LAKE, July 16.—During the past week ninety-nine cars of lead bullion, aggregating two million nine hundred thousand pounds, was shipped east from this city.

PRESS PITH.

Digby has been working hard at Italian all winter and confesses it is a little on a new principle of argument.—*Pacific Bigamist.*

Mr. Gladstone officiates at the Methodist church every Sabbath.—*Boston Globe.* Mr. Gladstone is a very clever man.—*Arkansaw Traveler.*

A Syracuse scout had it all his own way until he stole a tame ass and a bunk-saw. Then he was waylaid with a club and left for dead. Nobody knows who has any business with a buck-saw appeal.—*Detroit Free Press.*

"Two men were standing at the Kinsella house hour when one of the number came in, took a drink. As he deprived one of the men exclaimed "Cæsar, what a scene! Did—he, see it?" "Whose scene?" "That fellow that went out; he's got a nose on him like a boot!" "That's what he is!" sententiously remarked the bar-keeper.—*Georgia Minor.*

A Boston pedlar has been fined $5 for calling a gentleman at Hudson a dude. This is one of those cases to which the old law applies. The greater the truth the greater the libel. Had the peddler addressed the dude as "My Lord," or "Your Grace," the dude would have hugged him with paroxysmal delight.—*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

Countryman—"By Gosh, them sun rays or suits too short. They pull my pants up so tig it the I can't work my legs." Tailor—"I can get longer suspenders for those tobacco-tag pants." "Mine pants, you mishdishen. Lose nuzbenders vash de longest kind—imbroved goots. You keeps dose coat-tails down and shoost vin pair for dree dollars and efery time de hair of buns vat comes down more on der ground, and dot vill fit dose imbroved beaces."—*Texas Siftings.*

POLITICAL ITEMS.

If, as reported, Denis Kearney and Dorsey are both going to join the democracy, the party deserves the condolences of the nation for its hard luck.

Nobody seems disposed to resurrect the Hon. Bill English of Indiana as an adornment of another presidential ticket. The Hon. Bill is left out of all calculations with great enthusiasm.

The Boston *Herald-Times* that the only parliamentary precedent for "mornitors" in the democratic ranks will be a president who has the power of regaining the miracle of the corpse and ashes.

The New York *Herald* is booming Randall for the speakership. It accuses him of being a high-toned man, who opposed filibustering to prevent the election of a president of the United States.

The Boston *Advertiser* unkindly says: "The Ohio democratic platform is a masterpiece of its quality. The Ohio democrats live on both sides of the question of the hour, not by turns, but at the same time."

A democratic paper at New Albany Ind., having declared that "Hill as and Hendricks are good representative justices," the New York *Tribune* is moved to remark that "neither justice is a democratic stately name for a bar'l pire s core too.

"*Samaritan Nervine* cured me of St. Vitus Dance," said T. J. Osborn, Richmond Va.

POLICE COURT.

Amy Reinloe—Selling liquor without a license. Continued till Tuesday.

Birdie Maxwell, Sarey Foster, Ev Grey Lottie Williams—Resisting on a bawdy house.

John Schindler—larceny of a pair of pants Continued till Tuesday morning.

John Sweeney—Fighting. Forfeited bail of $10.

James Fallis—Riding fast on horseback. Forfeited bail of $10.

John Pasmeteln, John Burk, Th . McDonald, Geo. Frances Wm McDonald, Jos. Landberg, Com. McDonald, James Sheridan, J. Yates, John Foley, Sam. Saunders, John Stokes—Drunk and disorderly. Fined $10. Com. McDonald—Sergeant dismissed.

Thos. Holland—Sleeping in a box, forfeited bail of $10.

—"Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills for the cure of Neuralgia are a success."—Dr. G. F. Holman, Christiansburg Va. 30 cts. druggists.

MINING STOCKS REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.

Alpha	2	Sale and Norcross	6
Best and Belcher	4	Mexican	2
Bodie Con	80	Mount Diablo	5
Bullion	85	Ophir	2
California	10	Overman	1
Chollar	3	Potosi	1
Con. Virginia	85	Savage	2
Crown Point	35	Sierra Nevada	3
Eureka Con	4	Union	4
Exchequer	65	Utah	3
Gould and Curry	1	Yellow Jacket	3
Belcher	1		

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

New York, July 17.

North Pacific com	45½	Pacific Mail	36¾
North Pacific, pfd	85½	Northwestern	128
Transcontinental	7¾	Lake Shore	103¾
Oregon Improvement	2	N. Y Centra	115¾
Oregon Pan. Bonds	112½	Erie	35¾
Western Union	75½	C. B. & N. Bonds	107

FORTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE

OF AN OLD NURSE.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success in millions of families, both in this country and abroad. Relieves the little sufferer from pain, cures diarrhœa, griping in the bowels, and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price twenty five cents a bottle.

THE HOTELS.

ST. CHARLES.

J Lorch, Cottage Grove		Welford, Silverton	
J A Vaughn, Astoria		Williams & W, N Yam	
H Winchester & br, S F		E P Smith, Chicago	
E Kelley, Roseburg		H Shaver, Ithaca	
W H Jeffrey, Puyallup		J W Robbins, Stockton	
F E Newman, Seattle		Prince, Spokane	
H C Gonnge & wf, Helena		W Nash, Seattle	
C Nivar, Seattle		S Turck, Alsea	
H Clark, Salem		Mantelth, Albany	
Mrs P Johnson, Or		Skaggs, Gervais	
S A Philpotts, Dayton		A Elderkin, U S A	
Mrs Dearborn, Salem		B Orvall, Oakland	
W L Chambers, La Wi Salm		Prior, Vancouver	
M J Brodrick, O City		A Robinson, Independ	
C Hemarsch, do		E Phillips, do	
K Epstein, do		Miss S Waldron, Da Res	
Mrs Hulsey, Butte		Mrs E R R	
C W Priory, do		C Boyle do	
Robt Barton, Grand Forks		H Rude & wf, Cascades	
W Hexam & wf, do		E D Borthwick, o	
F Johnston, do		C Johnson, o	
Paul Chapelle, La Grande		X O Johnson,	
Miss E Arnold, do		W H Hack, Kalama	
F Smith, Sacramento		J Smith, Kooskia	
A Kohland, Butte		Hes M Rosser, Stanfield	
Miss Bascoff, Dalles		L A Whitcomb & wf	
H J Mintlhorne & wf, P G		E Serbin, Albany	
J M Mitchell, Albany		Wm. Lowe, Salem	
L K Adams, Salem		Ingham, Salem	
A S Veale, San Fran		W L Veale, San Fran	
C E Bogh, do		J Eachus, Stockton	
Miss M McNulty, Or		J McNulty, Or City	
D Lederman, San Fran		W N Leiter, Salem	
Mrs J E Baker, Salem		F S Mellafferty, Eug	
Tibbetson, Salem		A F Lawson, Or City	
C E Forsyth, Kalama		J W Trullinger, Or City	
W N Wright, Or City		R G Gilmer, St Helens	
Mrs Capt McNulty & two children, Corvallis			

THE ARMOND

F Niles, Saltwood		A Hinman, Moscow	
Mrs M Hingsbrand, S F		E M Harwood, S F	
J Gorrick, S F		H Heck, S F	
J Gorrick, Scotland		John Mundy, Spokane	
F M Tutcharick, Scotland		Miss Nellie, do	
A H Fuller, Victoria		Mrs Ardoran, Walla Walla	
J T McCaughter, Spokane		T H Gale, Prineville	
W A Fairweather & child, do		Miss Lizzie Cox, Son Ja	
H Spaulding, do		Mrs Williams, Sprague	
A R Price, Dalles		Miss Waters, Dalles	
H W Wilcox, Woodburn		W A Paton, New York	
W H Forrest, N P R R		Thos Paton, do	
Chas W Isaacs, Glendale, Cal		A Dowell, Victoria	
C Humphrey, N Yamhill		Maureen Kelly, Roseburg	
Oscar L Levy, San Fran		Miss Brandwal, Kearney	
W P Gallagher, Kalama		Miss E Brown, do	
T T Burgess, Walla Walla		Thos F Smith, Pendleton	
W H Kennedy, Manchaw		W H Upton, Walla Walla	
B B Cock, Minneapolis		Y H Hood, Spokane Falls	
Dan Markley, Stanfield		Jas Mackay, Scotland	
B E Swipes, Dalles,		L L Barton, Salmon Falls	
James Roche, Bozeman		T O Baxter, Walla Walla	

CLARENDON.

W H Elliott, Dalles		I H McCabe, Seattle	
J E Dugan, Wallowgal		J E Ellis, S F Ry	
A T Meigs, San Francisco		Sweets, Washington	
H Hansen & wf, do		A White, Kalama	
J C Richardson, do		Mrs H Stilson, Astoria	
J M Wain, do		W Hansen, do	
Mrs Connor, do		F Chadwick, Salem	
J Mitchell, do		Buckley, N P Ry	
J Mitchell, do		Robinson, Albina	
C E Connor, do		W O Taylor, do	
M Johnson, Moscow		H Hutson, Oregon City	
W Hamel, do		H Hawkins, Marion	
L Martin & dtr, Albany		Mrs Berry & son, N Yamhill	
H C Beatch, Cottage Grove		C Redmond, Goldendale	
Mrs E Beatch, do		J Brown, Confrey Ile	
H Gregg, do		J Gregg, Walla Walla	
B L Getty, Salem		C Wainwath, Haley	
E Hill, Haley		Mrs Warminth, do	

THE PROFESSIONS A UNIT,

Mr. C. H. DRAPER of Norris Main street, Worcester, Mass., wa... the following:

"Having occasion recently to use a remedy for Kidney disease, I applied to my druggist, Mr. B. D. Williams, of Lincoln square this city, and requested him to furnish me the best kidney medicine that he knew of, and he handed me a bottle of Hunt's Remedy, stating that it was considered the best because he had sold in my bottles of it to his customers in Worcester, an they all speak of it in the highest terms, and pronounce it always reliable. I took the bottle home and commenced taking it, and find that it does the work effectually; and I am pleased to recommend to all who have kidney or liver disease the use of Hunt's Remedy, the sure cure."

April 11, 1883.

WE ALL SAY SO.

MR. GEORGE A. BURDETT No. 16 Front street, Worcester, Mass., has just sent us the following, directly to the point.

"Being afflicted with piles one of which all humanity is subject sooner or later, I read carefully the advertisement regarding the remarkable curative powers of Hunt's Remedy and as it seems to apply to my case exactly, I purchased a bottle of the one being at Jannett's drug store in this city, and having used it will most beneficial results in my own case, my wife and son also commenced to use, and it has most decidedly improved their health, and we all feel ... this unfortunate family under such favorable results."

April 17, 1883.

DRUGGIST'S EVIDENCE.

MR. GEORGE W. HOLDEN, druggist, 129 and 131 Congress street, Troy, N. Y., writes April 7, 1883:

"I am constantly selling Hunt's Remedy for diseases of the kidneys, liver bladder, and urinary organs, to my trade and friends, and find that it gives general satisfaction to all who use it. It is a remedy of this kind. Yours truly,

E. J. VAN VOORHIES.

EDUCATIONAL.

ST. HELEN'S HALL,

A Boarding and Day School for Girls,

Portland, Or.

THE FIFTEENTH YEAR BEGINS SEPT. 5, with a corps of fourteen teachers. Instruction in English, Mathematics, Physiology, Vocal and Instrumental Music, Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing, Painting and Calisthenics. For further information address The Rt. Rev. B. WISTAR MORRIS, Rector, or Miss MARY B. RODNEY, Principal. 3jan

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